



LEADERS IN OZONE LAYER & CLIMATE PROTECTION



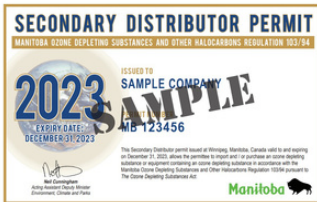
MONTHLY ELECTRONIC NEWSLETTER

STRIVING TO KEEP YOU INFORMED

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2023 Secondary Distributor Permit Renewals Due by December 31



Renew Now!!

All companies purchasing or importing new or used regulated air conditioning or refrigeration products such as refrigerant, parts or supplies will need to either renew or apply for a 2023 Secondary Distributor Permit before December 31, 2022.

The SD Permit is a requirement under Manitoba's ODS Regulation 103/94 and is issued annually via MOPIA.

Companies may renew on-line via MOPIA's website, or by calling into MOPIA with a credit card or paying by cheque in the mail or cash, credit card, debit or cash at the office in Winnipeg. The permit renewal fee remains \$50 for the 2023 period January 1 - December 31.

MOPIA Engages Auditor to Review Financial Statements

MOPIA is a not-for-profit organization that was incorporated back in 1994. Each year since, we have hired an outside accountant to review and audit our financial statements. This review further enhances our accountability and transparency to our stakeholders, the provincial government who we have been authorized to conduct specific responsibilities and to our Board and staff.

More recent audited financial statements are available for your perusal on-line. Older statements are also available upon request. Visit our website or contact MOPIA for earlier years financial information.

COP 15: Biodiversity Conference in Montreal



The United Nations Development Program (UNDP) hosted COP 15 in Montreal December 7-19. COP 15 is The United Nations Biodiversity Conference that focuses on the preservation of ecosystems and biodiversity worldwide. Important topics discussed included the federal protection of land and oceans, funding for Indigenous-led biodiversity conservation, and the recovery of at-risk species. Representatives from some 196 countries participated, including Canada, who has committed to protecting 30% of its lands and oceans by 2030.

See IISD for more info: www.iisd.org/iisd-road-cbd-cop-15

Technician Refrigerant Use Records Due by February 1

Every certified technician must keep records of their use of all regulated refrigerants. These records must be submitted once per year (prior to February 1) to MOPIA and kept safe and in your possession for no less than 3 years. An individual's certification may be suspended or revoked if records are not submitted. For techs that did not use any refrigerant, they must also declare this for our database records. You may email us this information at mopia@mopia.ca or fax, mail and drop-off records at our Winnipeg office.



Follow MOPIA on Facebook, Instagram, LinkedIn and TikTok to keep up to date!

Find us @ manitoba.mopia

MOPIA

Manitoba Ozone Protection Industry Association

Improving Cold Chains for Sustainable Future

12% of food produced in the world is lost due to insufficient refrigeration. Improving food cold chains is important to reduce unnecessary emissions of greenhouse gases, reduce food insecurity, and achieve the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. Cold chains are a network of refrigerated supply chains that transport and deliver goods while maintaining cold stable temperatures. Solutions to create more sustainable cold chains include the shift to natural and low GWP refrigerant, as well as the use of clean and reliable energy.

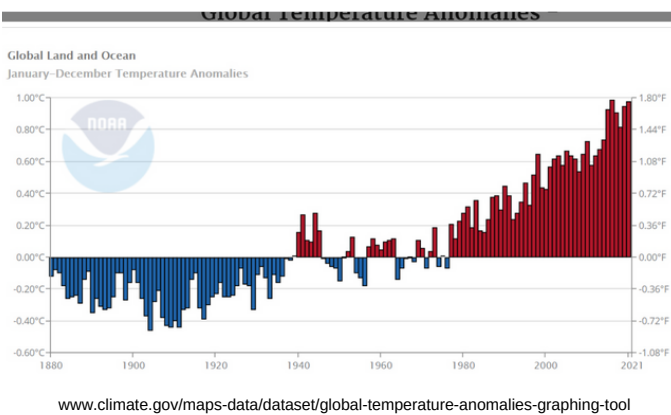
For more information visit:

cleancoolingcollaborative.org

www.unep.org/resources/assessment/status-global-food-cold-chain-summary-briefing



Global Temperature Anomalies



Manitoba Hydro Rates among lowest in North America

Manitoba has among the cleanest electricity generating environmental footprints in North America. Hydropower is generated by water flowing through turbines, unlike the burning of coal, nuclear (uranium), incineration of garbage or other combustibles.

Quebec rivals Manitoba in the generation of electricity via hydro (water) power.

While this type of power generation is susceptible to weather and the climate of a region, it is generally quite reliable and efficient to generate. The highest costs come with the construction and transmission of the power to customers, especially in large geographic regions including Manitoba and Quebec.

Compare hydro rates with this link:

www.hydroquebec.com/data/documents-donnees/pdf/comparison-electricity-prices.pdf

